person being assessed will receive a revised notice of assessment and will be obligated to pay the revised assessed penalty within the relevant 60 day payment period (as determined by the applicable procedure in §2570.84, 2570.85, or 2570.86), and, if necessary, any excess penalty payment will be refunded as soon as administratively feasible. The revised notice of assessment will revoke any previously issued notice of assessment with regard to the transaction in question and will become a final order (within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 704) the later of the first day following the 60 day payment period or the date of its service on the person being assessed, pursuant to the service procedures described in §2570.83(b).

§ 2570.88 Effective date.

This section is effective June 20, 1990, and shall apply to assessments under section 502(1) made by the Secretary after June 20, 1990, based on any breach or violation occurring on or after December 19, 1989.

Subpart E—Procedures for the Assessment of Civil Penalties Under ERISA Section 502(c)(5)

Source: 68 FR 17508, Apr. 9, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

§2570.90 Scope of rules.

The rules of practice set forth in this subpart are applicable to "502(c)(5) civil penalty proceedings" (as defined in 2570.91(n)) under section 502(c)(5) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The rules of procedure for administrative hearings published by the Department's Office of Administrative Law Judges in subpart A of 29 CFR part 18 will apply to matters arising under ERISA section 502(c)(5) except as described by this section. These proceedings shall be conducted as expeditiously as possible, and the parties shall make every effort to avoid delay at each stage of the proceedings.

§ 2570.91 Definitions.

For 502(c)(5) civil penalty proceedings, this section shall apply in

lieu of the definitions in $\S18.2$ of this title.

- (a) Adjudicatory proceeding means a judicial-type proceeding before an administrative law judge leading to the formulation of a final order;
- (b) Administrative law judge means an administrative law judge appointed pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 3105:
- (c) Answer means a written statement that is supported by reference to specific circumstances or facts surrounding the notice of determination issued pursuant to 29 CFR 2560.502c–5(g);
- (d) Commencement of proceeding is the filing of an answer by the respondent;
- (e) Consent agreement means any written document containing a specified proposed remedy or other relief acceptable to the Department and consenting parties;
- (f) ERISA means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended:
- (g) Final order means the final decision or action of the Department of Labor concerning the assessment of a civil penalty under ERISA section 502(c)(5) against a particular party. Such final order may result from a decision of an administrative law judge or the Secretary, the failure of a party to file a statement of reasonable cause described in 29 CFR 2560.502c-5(e) within the prescribed time limits, or the failure of a party to invoke the procedures for hearings or appeals under this title within the prescribed time limits. Such a final order shall constitute final agency action within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 704;
- (h) Hearing means that part of a proceeding which involves the submission of evidence, either by oral presentation or written submission, to the administrative law judge:
- (i) *Order* means the whole or any part of a final procedural or substantive disposition of a matter under ERISA section 502(c)(5):
- (j) Party includes a person or agency named or admitted as a party to a proceeding:
- (k) *Person* includes an individual, partnership, corporation, employee benefit plan, association, exchange, or other entity or organization;

§ 2570.92

- (1) *Petition* means a written request, made by a person or party, for some affirmative action:
- (m) *Pleading* means the notice as defined in 29 CFR 2560.502c–5(g), the answer to the notice, any supplement or amendment thereto, and any reply that may be permitted to any answer, supplement or amendment;
- (n) 502(c)(5) civil penalty proceeding means an adjudicatory proceeding relating to the assessment of a civil penalty provided for in section 502(c)(5) of ERISA:
- (o) Respondent means the party against whom the Department is seeking to assess a civil sanction under ERISA section 502(c)(5);
- (p) Secretary means the Secretary of Labor and includes, pursuant to any delegation of authority by the Secretary, any assistant secretary (including the Assistant Secretary for Employee Benefits Security), administrator, commissioner, appellate body, board, or other official of the Department of Labor; and
- (q) Solicitor means the Solicitor of Labor or his or her delegate.

§ 2570.92 Service: Copies of documents and pleadings.

For 502(c)(5) penalty proceedings, this section shall apply in lieu of 29 CFR 18.3

- (a) In general. Copies of all documents shall be served on all parties of record. All documents should clearly designate the docket number, if any, and short title of all matters. All documents to be filed shall be delivered or mailed to the Chief Docket Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges (OALJ), 800 K Street, NW., Suite 400, Washington, DC 20001–8002, or to the OALJ Regional Office to which the proceeding may have been transferred for hearing. Each document filed shall be clear and legible.
- (b) By parties. All motions, petitions, pleadings, briefs, or other documents shall be filed with the Office of Administrative Law Judges with a copy, including any attachments, to all other parties of record. When a party is represented by an attorney, service shall be made upon the attorney. Service of any document upon any party may be made by personal delivery or by mailing a copy to the last known address.

The Department shall be served by delivery to the Associate Solicitor, Plan Benefits Security Division, ERISA Section 502(c)(5) Proceeding, P.O. Box 1914, Washington, DC 20013. The person serving the document shall certify to the manner and date of service.

- (c) By the Office of Administrative Law Judges. Service of orders, decisions and all other documents shall be made by regular mail to the last known address.
- (d) Form of pleadings—(1) Every pleading shall contain information indicating the name of the Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) as the agency under which the proceeding is instituted, the title of the proceeding, the docket number (if any) assigned by the Office of Administrative Law Judges and a designation of the type of pleading or paper (e.g., notice, motion to dismiss, etc.). The pleading or paper shall be signed and shall contain the address and telephone number of the party or person representing the party. Although there are no formal specifications for documents, they should be typewritten when possible on standard size $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ inch paper.
- (2) Illegible documents, whether handwritten, typewritten, photocopies, or otherwise, will not be accepted. Papers may be reproduced by any duplicating process provided all copies are clear and legible.

§2570.93 Parties, how designated.

For 502(c)(5) civil penalty proceedings, this section shall apply in lieu of 29 CFR 18.10.

- (a) The term party wherever used in this subpart shall include any natural person, corporation, employee benefit plan, association, firm, partnership, trustee, receiver, agency, public or private organization, or government agency. A party against whom a civil penalty is sought shall be designated as "respondent." The Department shall be designated as the "complainant."
- (b) Other persons or organizations shall be permitted to participate as parties only if the administrative law judge finds that the final decision could directly and adversely affect them or the class they represent, that they may contribute materially to the disposition of the proceedings and their interest is not adequately represented